

**SUMMARY PROSPECTUS**  
**OCTOBER 1, 2015**

 **PROSHARES ULTRA FTSE CHINA 50**

**XPP LISTED ON NYSE ARCA**

This Summary Prospectus is designed to provide investors with key fund information in a clear and concise format. Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Full Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. The Fund's Full Prospectus, dated October 1, 2015, and Statement of Additional Information, dated October 1, 2015, and as each hereafter may be supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. All of this information may be obtained at no cost either: online at [ProShares.com/resources/prospectus\\_reports.html](http://ProShares.com/resources/prospectus_reports.html); by calling 866-PRO-5125 (866-776-5125); or by sending an email request to [info@ProShares.com](mailto:info@ProShares.com). The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Summary Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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## Important Information About the Fund

ProShares Ultra FTSE China 50 (the “Fund”) seeks investment results **for a single day only**, not for longer periods. A “single day” is measured from the time the Fund calculates its net asset value (“NAV”) to the time of the Fund’s next NAV calculation. The return of the Fund for periods longer than a single day will be the result of each day’s returns compounded over the period, which will very likely differ from two times (2x) the return of the FTSE China 50 Index<sup>®</sup> (the “Index”) for that period. **For periods longer than a single day, the Fund will lose money when the level of the Index is flat, and it is possible that the Fund will lose money even if the level of the Index rises.** Longer holding periods, higher index volatility and greater leverage each exacerbate the impact of compounding on an investor’s returns. During periods of higher Index volatility, the volatility of the Index may affect the Fund’s return as much as or more than the return of the Index.

The percentage change of the Fund’s NAV per share each day may differ, perhaps significantly, from two times (2x) the percentage change of the Index on that day. This is due primarily to the time difference in determining the level of the Index (4:15 a.m., Eastern Time) and valuation of the Fund (4:00 p.m., Eastern Time).

Due to differences in trading hours between U.S. and foreign markets and because the level of the Index may be determined using prices obtained at times other than the Fund’s NAV calculation time, the percentage change of the Fund’s NAV per share may differ, perhaps significantly, from two times (2x) the percentage change of the Index on a given day. As such, correlation to the Index will generally be measured by comparing the daily change in the Fund’s NAV per share to the performance of one or more U.S. exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) that reflect the values of the securities underlying the Index as of the Fund’s NAV calculation time.

**The Fund is different from most exchange-traded funds in that it seeks leveraged returns relative to the Index and only on a daily basis. The Fund also is riskier than similarly benchmarked exchange-traded funds that do not use leverage. Accordingly, the Fund may not be suitable for all investors and should be used only by knowledgeable investors who understand the potential consequences of seeking daily leveraged investment results. Shareholders should actively manage and monitor their investments, as frequently as daily.**

## Investment Objective

The Fund seeks daily investment results, before fees and expenses, that correspond to two times (2x) the daily performance of the Index. **The Fund does not seek to achieve its stated investment objective over a period of time greater than a single day.**

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy or hold shares of the Fund.

### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Investment Advisory Fees	0.75%
Other Expenses	0.41%

### Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Before Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements

**1.16%**

Fee Waiver/Reimbursement\*

-0.21%

### Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements

**0.95%**

\* ProShare Advisors LLC (“ProShare Advisors”) has contractually agreed to waive Investment Advisory and Management Services Fees and to reimburse Other Expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Before Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements, as a percentage of average daily net assets, exceed 0.95% through September 30, 2016. After such date, the expense limitation may be terminated or revised by ProShare Advisors. Amounts waived or reimbursed in a particular contractual period may be recouped by ProShare Advisors within five years of the end of that contractual period to the extent that recoupment will not cause the Fund’s expenses to exceed any expense limitation in place at that time.

**Example:** This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of each period. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, except that the fee waiver/expense reimbursement is assumed only to pertain to the first year. Although your actual cost may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your approximate costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$97	\$348	\$618	\$1,390

The Fund pays transaction and financing costs associated with the purchase and sale of securities and derivatives. In addition, investors may pay brokerage commissions on their purchases and sales of the Fund’s shares. These costs are not reflected in the table or the example above.

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when the Fund’s shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the example above, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s annual portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its entire portfolio. This portfolio turnover rate is calculated without regard to cash instrument or derivatives transactions. If such transactions were included, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate would be significantly higher.

## Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in securities and derivatives that ProShare Advisors believes, in combination, should have similar daily



return characteristics as two times (2x) the daily return of the Index. The Index is comprised of 50 of the largest and most liquid Chinese stocks listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. As of June 30, 2015, the Index included companies with capitalizations between approximately \$11.6 billion and \$319.5 billion. The average capitalization of the companies comprising the Index was approximately \$70.2 billion. The Index is published under the Bloomberg ticker symbol "XINOI."

The securities and derivatives that the Fund will principally invest in are set forth below. Cash balances arising from the use of derivatives will typically be held in money market instruments.

- **Equity Securities** – The Fund invests in common stock issued by public companies.
- **Derivatives** – The Fund invests in derivatives, which are financial instruments whose value is derived from the value of an underlying asset or assets, such as stocks, bonds or funds (including ETFs), interest rates or indexes. The Fund invests in derivatives as a substitute for investing directly in stocks in order to gain leveraged exposure to the Index. These derivatives principally include:
  - **Swap Agreements** – Contracts entered into primarily with major global financial institutions for a specified period ranging from a day to more than one year. In a standard "swap" transaction, two parties agree to exchange the return (or differentials in rates of return) earned or realized on particular predetermined investments or instruments. The gross return to be exchanged or "swapped" between the parties is calculated with respect to a "notional amount," e.g., the return on or change in value of a particular dollar amount invested in a "basket" of securities or an ETF representing a particular index.
- **Money Market Instruments** – The Fund invests in short-term cash instruments that have a remaining maturity of 397 days or less and exhibit high quality credit profiles, including:
  - **U.S. Treasury Bills** – U.S. government securities that have initial maturities of one year or less, and are supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.
  - **Repurchase Agreements** – Contracts in which a seller of securities, usually U.S. government securities or other money market instruments, agrees to buy them back at a specified time and price. Repurchase agreements are primarily used by the Fund as a short-term investment vehicle for cash positions.
- **Depository Receipts** – The Fund may invest in depository receipts, which principally include:
  - American Depository Receipts (ADRs), which represent the right to receive securities of foreign issuers deposited in a bank or trust company.
  - Global Depository Receipts (GDRs), which are receipts for shares in a foreign-based corporation traded in capital markets around the world.

ProShare Advisors uses a mathematical approach to investing. Using this approach, ProShare Advisors determines the type,

quantity and mix of investment positions that the Fund should hold to approximate, on a daily basis, the performance of two times (2x) the Index. The Fund may invest in or gain exposure to only a representative sample of the securities in the Index or to securities not contained in the Index or in financial instruments, with the intent of obtaining exposure with aggregate characteristics similar to those of a multiple of the Index. ProShare Advisors does not invest the assets of the Fund in securities or financial instruments based on ProShare Advisors' view of the investment merit of a particular security, instrument, or company, nor does it conduct conventional investment research or analysis or forecast market movement or trends, in managing the assets of the Fund. The Fund seeks to remain fully invested at all times in securities and/or financial instruments that, in combination, provide leveraged exposure to the Index without regard to market conditions, trends or direction. The Fund seeks investment results for a single day only as calculated from NAV to NAV, not for longer periods.

At the close of the U.S. securities markets on each trading day, the Fund will seek to position its portfolio so that its exposure to the Index is consistent with the Fund's investment objective. The Index's movements during the day will affect whether the Fund's portfolio needs to be repositioned. For example, if the Index has risen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should rise. As a result, the Fund's exposure will need to be increased. Conversely, if the Index has fallen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should fall. As a result, the Fund's exposure will need to be decreased.

**Because of daily rebalancing and the compounding of each day's return over time, the return of the Fund for periods longer than a single day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which will very likely differ from two times (2x) the return of the Index over the same period. The Fund will lose money if the level of the Index is flat over time, and it is possible that the Fund will lose money over time even if the level of the Index rises, as a result of daily rebalancing, the Index's volatility and the effects of compounding. See "Principal Risks", below.**

The Fund will concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of industries, country or region to approximately the same extent as the Index is so concentrated. As of the close of business on June 30, 2015, the Index was concentrated in the financials industry group and in China.

Please see "Investment Objectives, Principal Investment Strategies and Related Risks" in the back of the Fund's Full Prospectus for additional details.

## Principal Risks

### You could lose money by investing in the Fund.

- **Risks Associated with the Use of Derivatives** – The Fund obtains investment exposure through derivatives. Investing in derivatives may be considered aggressive and may expose the Fund to greater risks than investing directly in the reference asset(s) underlying those derivatives. These risks include counterparty risk, liquidity risk and increased correlation risk

(each as discussed below). When the Fund uses derivatives, there may be imperfect correlation between the value of the reference asset(s) and the derivative, which may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective. Because derivatives often require only a limited initial investment, the use of derivatives also may expose the Fund to losses in excess of those amounts initially invested. The Fund may use a combination of swaps on the Index and swaps on an ETF that is designed to track the performance of the Index. The performance of an ETF may not track the performance of the Index due to embedded costs and other factors. Thus, to the extent the Fund invests in swaps that use an ETF as the reference asset, the Fund may be subject to greater correlation risk and may not achieve as high a degree of correlation with the Index as it would if the Fund only used swaps on the Index. Moreover, with respect to the use of swap agreements, if the Index has a dramatic intraday move that causes a material decline in the Fund's net assets, the terms of a swap agreement between the Fund and its counterparty may permit the counterparty to immediately close out the transaction with the Fund. In that event, the Fund may be unable to enter into another swap agreement or invest in other derivatives to achieve the desired exposure consistent with the Fund's investment objective. This, in turn, may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective, even if the Index reverses all or a portion of its intraday move by the end of the day. Any costs associated with using derivatives will also have the effect of lowering the Fund's return.

- Leverage Risk** – The Fund obtains investment exposure in excess of its assets in seeking to achieve its investment objective—a form of leverage—and will lose more money in market environments adverse to its daily objective than a similar fund that does not employ such leverage. The use of such leverage could result in the total loss of an investor's investment. For example, because the Fund includes a multiplier of two times (2x) the Index, a single day movement in the Index approaching 50% at any point in the day could result in the total loss of a shareholder's investment if that movement is contrary to the investment objective of the Fund, even if the Index subsequently moves in an opposite direction, eliminating all or a portion of the earlier movement. This would be the case with any such single day movements in the Index, even if the Index maintains a level greater than zero at all times.
- Compounding Risk** – The Fund has a single day investment objective, and the Fund's performance for periods greater than a single day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which is likely to be either better or worse than the Index performance times the stated multiple in the Fund's investment objective, before accounting for fees and fund expenses. Compounding affects all investments, but has a more significant impact on a leveraged fund. Particularly during periods of higher Index volatility, compounding will cause results for periods longer than a single day to vary from two times (2x) the return of the Index. This effect becomes more pronounced as volatility increases. Fund performance for periods greater than a single day can be estimated given any

set of assumptions for the following factors: a) Index volatility; b) Index performance; c) period of time; d) financing rates associated with leveraged exposure; e) other Fund expenses; and f) dividends or interest paid with respect to securities in the Index. The chart below illustrates the impact of two principal factors—Index volatility and Index performance—on Fund performance. The chart shows estimated Fund returns for a number of combinations of Index volatility and Index performance over a one-year period. Performance shown in the chart assumes: (a) no dividends paid with respect to securities included in the Index; (b) no Fund expenses; and (c) borrowing/lending rates (to obtain leveraged exposure) of zero percent. If Fund expenses and/or actual borrowing/lending rates were reflected, the Fund's performance would be different than shown.

Areas shaded darker represent those scenarios where the Fund can be expected to return less than two times (2x) the performance of the Index.

Index Performance		One Year Volatility Rate						
		10%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
One Year Index	Two times (2x) the One Year Index	-60%	-120%	-84.2%	-85.0%	-87.5%	-90.9%	-94.1%
	-50%	-100%	-75.2%	-76.5%	-80.5%	-85.8%	-90.8%	
	-40%	-80%	-64.4%	-66.2%	-72.0%	-79.5%	-86.8%	
	-30%	-60%	-51.5%	-54.0%	-61.8%	-72.1%	-82.0%	
	-20%	-40%	-36.6%	-39.9%	-50.2%	-63.5%	-76.5%	
	-10%	-20%	-19.8%	-23.9%	-36.9%	-53.8%	-70.2%	
	0%	0%	-1.0%	-6.1%	-22.1%	-43.0%	-63.2%	
	10%	20%	19.8%	13.7%	-5.8%	-31.1%	-55.5%	
	20%	40%	42.6%	35.3%	12.1%	-18.0%	-47.0%	
	30%	60%	67.3%	58.8%	31.6%	-3.7%	-37.8%	
	40%	80%	94.0%	84.1%	52.6%	11.7%	-27.9%	
	50%	100%	122.8%	111.4%	75.2%	28.2%	-17.2%	
	60%	120%	153.5%	140.5%	99.4%	45.9%	-5.8%	

The foregoing table is intended to isolate the effect of Index volatility and Index performance on the return of the Fund. For example, the Fund may incorrectly be expected to achieve a -40% return on a yearly basis if the Index return were -20%, absent the effects of compounding. However, as the table shows, with Index volatility of 50%, the Fund could be expected to return -50.2% under such a scenario. The Fund's actual returns may be significantly better or worse than the returns shown above as a result of any of the factors discussed above or in "Principal Risks—Correlation Risk" below.



The Index's annualized historical volatility rate for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015 was 22.52%. The Index's highest June to June volatility rate during the five-year period was 31.65% (June 29, 2012). The Index's annualized total return performance for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015 was 6.15%.

Historical Index volatility and performance are not indications of what the Index volatility and performance will be in the future.

**For additional graphs and charts demonstrating the effects of Index volatility and Index performance on the long-term performance of the Fund, see "Principal Risks of Geared Funds and the Impact of Compounding" in the back of the Fund's Full Prospectus and "Special Note Regarding the Correlation Risks of Geared Funds" in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.**

- **Correlation Risk** – A number of factors may affect the Fund's ability to achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index, and there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation. Failure to achieve a high degree of correlation may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective, and the percentage change of the Fund's NAV each day may differ, perhaps significantly, from two times (2x) the percentage change of the Index on such day. Due to differences in trading hours between U.S. and foreign markets and because the level of the Index may be determined using prices obtained at times other than the Fund's NAV calculation time, correlation to the Index will generally be measured by comparing the daily change in the Fund's NAV per share to the performance of one or more U.S. ETFs that reflect the values of the securities underlying the Index as of the Fund's NAV calculation time.

In order to achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index, the Fund seeks to rebalance its portfolio daily to keep exposure consistent with its investment objective. Being materially over- or underexposed to the Index may prevent the Fund from achieving a high degree of correlation with the Index. Market disruptions or closure, regulatory restrictions or extreme market volatility will adversely affect the Fund's ability to adjust exposure to requisite levels. The target amount of portfolio exposure is impacted dynamically by the Index's movements. Because of this, it is unlikely that the Fund will have perfect exposure (i.e., 2x) to the Index at the end of each day and the likelihood of being materially over- or underexposed is higher on days when the Index level is volatile near the close of the trading day.

A number of other factors may also adversely affect the Fund's correlation with the Index, including fees, expenses, transaction costs, financing costs associated with the use of derivatives, income items, valuation methodology, accounting standards and disruptions or illiquidity in the markets for the securities or financial instruments in which the Fund invests.

The Fund may not have investment exposure to all securities in the Index, or its weighting of investment exposure to securities may be different from that of the Index. In addition, the Fund may invest in securities not included in the Index or in

financial instruments. The Fund may take or refrain from taking positions in order to improve tax efficiency, or comply with regulatory restrictions, either of which may negatively affect the Fund's correlation with the Index. The Fund may also be subject to large movements of assets into and out of the Fund, potentially resulting in the Fund being over- or underexposed to the Index and may be impacted by Index reconstitutions and Index rebalancing events. Additionally, the Fund's underlying investments and/or reference assets may trade on markets that may not be open on the same day as the Fund, which may cause a difference between the changes in the daily performance of the Fund and changes in the level of the Index. Any of these factors could decrease correlation between the performance of the Fund and the Index and may hinder the Fund's ability to meet its daily investment objective on or around that day.

Also, the Fund will measure its correlation to the performance of one or more ETFs. It is important to note that correlation to these ETFs may vary from the correlation to the Index due to embedded costs and other factors.

- **Counterparty Risk** – The Fund will be subject to credit risk (i.e., the risk that a counterparty is unwilling or unable to make timely payments to meet its contractual obligations) with respect to the amount it expects to receive from counterparties to financial instruments and repurchase agreements entered into by the Fund. If a counterparty becomes bankrupt or fails to perform its obligations, the value of an investment in the Fund may decline.
- **Early Close/Late Close/Trading Halt Risk** – An exchange or market may close early, close late or issue trading halts on specific securities, or the ability to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments may be restricted, which may result in the Fund being unable to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments. In these circumstances, the Fund may be unable to rebalance its portfolio, may be unable to accurately price its investments and/or may incur substantial trading losses.
- **Equity and Market Risk** – The equity markets are volatile, and the value of securities, swaps, futures and other instruments correlated with the equity markets may fluctuate dramatically from day-to-day. Equity markets are subject to corporate, political, regulatory, market and economic developments, as well as developments that impact specific economic sectors, industries or segments of the market. Further, stocks in the Index may underperform other equity investments. Volatility in the markets and/or market developments may cause the value of an investment in the Fund to decrease.
- **Exposure to Chinese Investments Risk** – The Fund is generally exposed, to a greater extent than more geographically diversified funds, to risks associated with investments in China. Such risks include, but are not limited to (i) political, economic, or social instability in China; (ii) heightened risk of inefficiency, volatility and pricing anomalies of portfolio holdings resulting from governmental influence; (iii) natural disasters particularly likely to occur in China; and (iv) a lack of publicly available information (as compared to many other countries).

- **Exposure to Foreign Currency Risk** – Investments linked to or denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to additional risk factors versus those investments denominated in U.S. dollars and linked to U.S. investments. The value of an investment linked to or denominated in a foreign currency could change significantly as foreign currencies strengthen or weaken relative to the U.S. dollar. Devaluations of a currency by a government or banking authority may also have significant impact on the value of any investments linked to or denominated in that currency. Risks related to foreign currencies also include those related to economic or political developments, market inefficiencies or a higher risk that essential investment information may be incomplete, unavailable, or inaccurate. Foreign currency losses could offset or exceed any potential gains, or add to losses, in the related investments. Currency markets are also generally not as regulated as securities markets.

- **Exposure to Foreign Investments/Emerging Market Risk** – Exposure to securities of foreign issuers may provide the Fund with increased risk. Various factors related to foreign investments may negatively impact the Fund’s performance, such as: i) the possibility that a foreign government may withhold portions of interest and dividends at the source; ii) less publicly available information about foreign issuers; and iii) less certain legal systems in which the Fund might encounter difficulties or be unable to pursue legal remedies. Foreign investments also may be more susceptible to political, social, economic and regional factors than might be the case with U.S. securities. In addition, markets for foreign investments are usually less liquid, more volatile and significantly smaller than markets for U.S. securities, which may affect, among other things, the Fund’s ability to obtain exposure to those foreign investments at appropriate times.

Because the Fund’s foreign investments will include issuers domiciled in developing or “emerging market” countries, all the aforementioned factors are heightened and foreign investments risk is higher. Economic, business, political, or social instability may adversely affect the value of emerging market securities more acutely than securities tied to developed foreign countries. Furthermore, any of these developments may result in a decline in the value of a country’s currency. Emerging markets are riskier than more developed markets because they may develop unevenly or may never fully develop. Investments in emerging markets are considered speculative.

- **Financials Industry Risk** – The Fund is subject to risks faced by companies in the financials economic sector to the same extent as the Index is so concentrated, including: extensive governmental regulation and/or nationalization that affects the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain; adverse effects from increases in interest rates; effects on profitability by loan losses, which usually increase in economic downturns; the severe competition to which banks, insurance, and financial services companies may be subject; and increased inter-industry consolidation and competition in the financials sector. The impact of more stringent capital requirements, recent

or future regulation on any individual financial company or recent or future regulation on the financials economic sector as a whole cannot be predicted.

- **Geographic Concentration Risk** – Because the Fund focuses its investments only in China, it may be more volatile than a more geographically diversified fund. Investments in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) are subject to special risks, such as less developed or less efficient trading markets, currency fluctuations or blockage, nationalization of assets, limits on repatriation, uncertainty surrounding potential PRC income tax liability, trading suspensions, and the effects of governmental control of markets. In particular, the PRC markets have experienced significant volatility recently. Any actual or perceived reduction to the high levels of growth that the PRC economy and financial markets have experienced in recent years or curtailment in those levels of growth in the future would likely have a substantial adverse impact on the values of PRC companies. Investments in securities of PRC companies are subject to the PRC’s heavy dependence on exports. A small number of companies and industries represent a relatively large portion of the PRC market as a whole. The performance of the Fund will be affected by the political, social and economic conditions in China and subject to the related risks.

- **Intraday Price Performance Risk** – The Fund is rebalanced at or about the time of its NAV calculation. As such, the intraday position of the Fund will generally be different from the Fund’s stated investment objective of corresponding to two times (2x) the Index. When shares are bought intraday, the performance of the Fund’s shares relative to the Index until the Fund’s next NAV calculation time will generally be greater than or less than the Fund’s stated multiple.

- **Liquidity Risk** – In certain circumstances, such as the disruption of the orderly markets for the securities or financial instruments in which the Fund invests, the Fund might not be able to acquire or dispose of certain holdings quickly or at prices that represent true market value in the judgment of ProShare Advisors. Markets for the securities or financial instruments in which the Fund invests may be disrupted by a number of events, including but not limited to economic crises, natural disasters, new legislation, or regulatory changes inside or outside of the U.S. For example, regulation limiting the ability of certain financial institutions to invest in certain securities would likely reduce the liquidity of those securities. These situations may prevent the Fund from limiting losses, realizing gains or achieving a high correlation with the Index.

- **Market Price Variance Risk** – The Fund’s shares are listed for trading on NYSE Arca and can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. The market price of shares will fluctuate in response to changes in the value of the Fund’s holdings, supply and demand for shares and other market factors. In addition, the securities in the Index may be traded in markets that close at a different time than NYSE Arca. Consequently, liquidity in such securities may be reduced after the applicable closing times. Accordingly, during the time when NYSE Arca is open but after the applicable closing times, trading spreads and



the resulting premium or discount on the Fund's shares may widen. As a result, the performance of the market price of the Fund may vary, perhaps significantly, from the value of the Fund's holdings and the performance of the Index. ProShare Advisors cannot predict whether shares will trade above, below or at a price equal to the value of the Fund's holdings. Given the fact that shares can be created and redeemed in Creation Units, as defined below, ProShare Advisors believes that large discounts or premiums to the value of the Fund's holdings should not be sustained. The Fund's investment results are measured based upon the daily NAV of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling shares in the secondary market may not experience investment results consistent with those experienced by Authorized Participants creating and redeeming directly with the Fund.

- Non-Diversification Risk** – The Fund is classified as “non-diversified” under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and has the ability to invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in the securities of a small number of issuers susceptible to a single economic, political or regulatory event, or in financial instruments with a single counterparty or a few counterparties. This may increase the Fund's volatility and cause performance of a relatively smaller number of issuers or the credit of one or a relatively smaller number of counterparties to have a greater impact on the Fund's performance. Notwithstanding the Fund's status as a “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, the Fund intends to qualify as a “regulated investment company” (“RIC”) accorded special tax treatment under the Internal Revenue Code, which imposes its own diversification requirements that are less restrictive than the requirements applicable to “diversified” investment companies under the 1940 Act.
- Portfolio Turnover Risk** – Daily rebalancing of Fund holdings, which is required to keep leverage consistent with a single day investment objective, will cause a higher level of portfolio transactions than compared to most exchange-traded funds. Additionally, active market trading of the Fund's shares may cause more frequent creation or redemption activities that could, in certain circumstances, increase the number of portfolio transactions. High levels of transactions increase brokerage and other transaction costs and may result in increased taxable capital gains.
- Telecommunications Industry Risk** – The Fund is subject to risks faced by companies in the telecommunications economic sector to the same extent as the Index is so concentrated, including: a telecommunications market characterized by increasing competition and regulation by the relevant governmental authorities; the need to commit substantial capital to meet increasing competition, particularly in formulating new products and services using new technology; and technological innovations that may make various products and services obsolete. The telecommunications industry is also affected by risks that affect the narrower mobile telecommunications sector, including: dramatic securities price fluctuations; recent industry consolidation trends that may lead to increased

regulation in primary markets; and thin capitalization and limited product lines, markets financial resources or personnel.

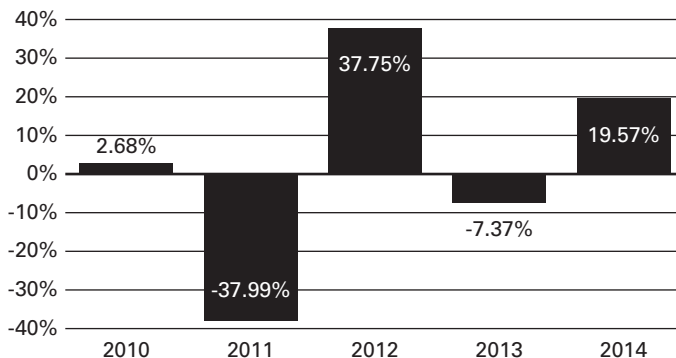
- Valuation Risk** – In certain circumstances, portfolio securities may be valued using techniques other than market quotations. The value established for a portfolio security may be different from what would be produced through the use of another methodology or if it had been priced using market quotations. Portfolio securities that are valued using techniques other than market quotations, including “fair valued” securities, may be subject to greater fluctuation in their value from one day to the next than would be the case if market quotations were used. In addition, there is no assurance that a Fund could sell a portfolio security for the value established for it at any time, and it is possible that the Fund would incur a loss because a portfolio security is sold at a discount to its established value.
- Valuation Time Risk** – The Fund typically values its portfolio at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time). In certain cases, foreign securities markets close before or after such time. As a result, the performance of the Fund's NAV may vary, perhaps significantly, from two times (2x) the daily performance of the Index.

Please see “Investment Objectives, Principal Investment Strategies and Related Risks” in the back of the Fund's Full Prospectus for additional details.

## Investment Results

The bar chart below shows how the Fund's investment results have varied from year to year, and the table shows how the Fund's average annual total returns for various periods compare with a broad measure of market performance. This information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Past results (before and after taxes) are not predictive of future results. Updated information on the Fund's results can be obtained by visiting ProShares.com.

### Annual Returns as of December 31 each year



Best Quarter (ended 12/31/2012): 36.89%

Worst Quarter (ended 9/30/2011): -50.55%

The year-to-date return as of the most recent quarter, which ended June 30, 2015, was 20.24%.



**Average Annual Total Returns**

As of December 31, 2014	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Before Taxes	19.57%	-0.58%	2.58%	6/2/2009
After Taxes on Distributions	19.57%	-0.58%	2.58%	—
After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	11.08%	-0.44%	1.99%	—
FTSE China 50 Index <sup>#</sup>	13.35%	2.77%	4.66%	—

# Reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes. Returns are gross returns that do not reflect the reduction of any withholding taxes, and are adjusted to reflect the reinvestment of dividends paid by companies in the Index. Since inception returns are calculated from the date the Fund commenced operations, not the date of inception of the Index.

Average annual total returns are shown on a before- and after-tax basis for the Fund. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as a retirement account. After-tax returns may exceed the return before taxes due to a tax benefit from realizing a capital loss on a sale of shares.

Annual returns are required to be shown and should not be interpreted as suggesting that the Fund should or should not be held for longer periods of time. The Fund may not be suitable for

all investors and should only be used by knowledgeable investors who understand the potential consequences of seeking daily leveraged investment results (i.e., 2x). Shareholders should actively manage and monitor their investments, as frequently as daily.

**Management**

The Fund is advised by ProShare Advisors. Alexander Ilyasov, Senior Portfolio Manager, has managed the Fund since December 2009.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund will issue and redeem shares only to Authorized Participants (typically broker-dealers) in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a basket of assets (securities and/or cash) in large blocks, known as Creation Units, each of which is comprised of 25,000 shares. Retail investors may only purchase and sell shares on a national securities exchange through a broker-dealer. Because the Fund's shares trade at market prices rather than at NAV, shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (a premium) or less than NAV (a discount).

**Tax Information**

Income and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund generally are subject to federal income taxes and may also be subject to state and local taxes. The Fund intends to distribute income, if any, quarterly, and capital gains, if any, at least annually. Distributions for this Fund may be higher than those of most ETFs.

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Investment Company Act file number 811-21114

**ProShares Trust**

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